



US Tornado historical data

Categories, Losses and Trends

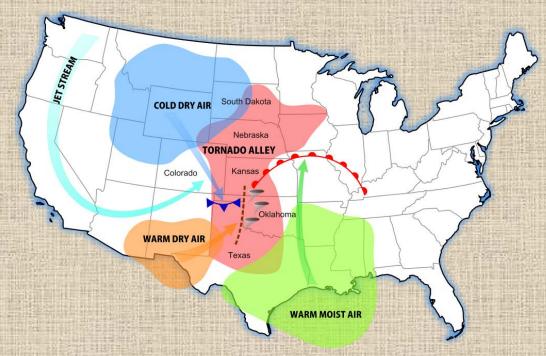
Niloufar Nouri
PhD Candidate
City College of New York
Summer 2019





Tornado and it's contributing weather systems

A tornado is a mobile, destructive vortex of rapidly rotating air that is in contact with both the surface of the Earth and a cumulonimbus cloud and has the appearance of a funnel-shaped cloud.





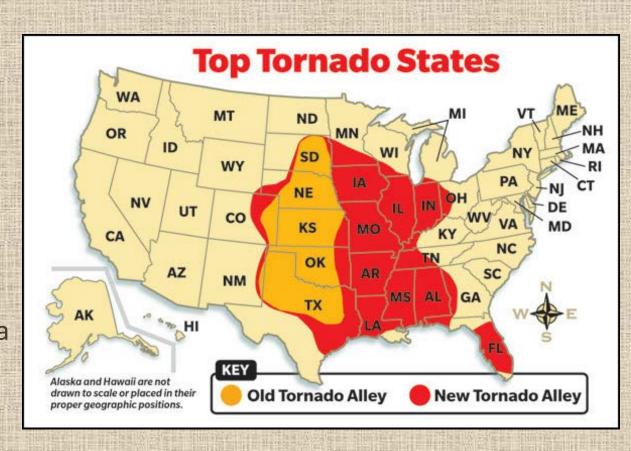




Tornado-Prone Regions

The official boundaries of
Tornado Alley are not
clearly defined, its core
extends from
northern Texas, Oklaho
ma, Kansas, Nebraska,
into South Dakota and
extends into Canada.

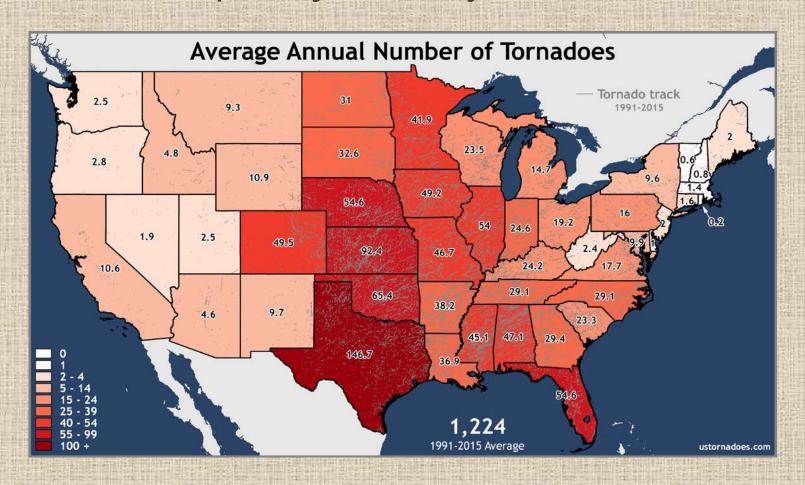
Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota , Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana and western Ohio are sometimes included in Tornado Alley.







Tornado frequency in US by states:







Tornado categories based on losses:

Scale 1	Wind (MPH)	Damage			
F0	40-72	Light Damage			
F1	73-112	Moderate Damage, Damage to roofs			
F2	113-157	Significant Damage, Roofs torn off			
F3	158-206	Severe Damage, Houses missing walls			
F4	207-260	Devastating Damage, Houses leveled			
F5	261-318+	Extreme Damage, Houses disintegrate			
Scale 2					
EF rating					
EF O	EF 1	EF 2	EF 3	EF 4	EF 5
Weak Damage		Strong Damage		Severe Damage	





Research proposal

The research includes tornado frequency analysis during 1990-2017 period.

The data set is obtained from NOAA storm database which records daily occurrence of US tornadoes since 1950 with information of their intensity, the touch-down location (county, state, and geographic coordinates). The research will investigate:

- Changes in Tornado frequency in each State during different time period
- Tornado occurrence in each State by categories (F0,F1,...EF5)
- Tornado seasonality analysis at different climate regions to see if tornado season varies in different regions
- Average annual loss caused by Tornado in each state for each five categories

The students will learn R programming to do the data analysis and Arc-GIS to represent their results on maps.